"Agroecological & Regenerative farming projects and best practices in Greece"

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EURACADEMY ASSOCIATION'S 20TH SUMMER ACADEMY

"CHANGING FARMING PRACTICES TO ADDRESS THE CLIMATE CRISIS"









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Regenerative agriculture !?

... Beyond Organic ?

... Agroecology without politics?

... IFOAM – Organic 3.0.







Agroecology is considered jointly as a science, a practice and a social movement. It encompasses the whole food system from the soil to the

organization of human societies.

It is value-laden and based on core

principles.



FIGURE 5

The relation between agroecology (science, practice and movement) and other approaches to sustainable agriculture, depicting their degree of overlap as intersecting sets. As a scientific discipline, agroecology provides the ecological knowledge that underpins sustainable practices under the other approaches.

PRINCIPLES OF AGROECOLOGY





THE FIVE LEVELS OF TRANSITION TOWARDS SUSTAINABLE FOOD SYSTEMS AND THE RELATED 13 PRINCIPLES OF AGROECOLOGY SOURCE: GLIESSMAN (2007) AND HLPE (2019)



Regenerative Agriculture is not a fixed model but rather a principle for how to farm.

The six core principles to regenerative agriculture are:

- Context
- Minimise Soil Disturbance
- Diversity
- Protect Soil Surface
- Maintain Living Roots
- Livestock Integration

6 Core Principles of **REGENERATIVE AGRICULTURE**



Regenerative Agriculture – Corporate approaches



Big food industries/ companies whose products are directly linked to agricultural production have **made a priority to reduce carbon emissions in their production chain** and have created a general ecological trend in the market and among consumers, aiming for a more responsible consumption of products.



Regenerative Agriculture – Movement's approach

















"Agroecological & Regenerative farming projects

and best practices in Greece"

The chilli factor organic farm

Neoi Epivates, Thessaloniki 2,5 Ha, Organic Vegetable Farm

Organic Farm, Microgreens, Edible Flowers, Vegetables,

Chillies, Chutneys & Sauces







... polyculture , companion planting, rotations, mulching, green manure ...not use og big/ heavy agricultural machinery, Mimimum tillage! ...working with hands, taking care of the unique precious soil. ..recycling, composting

... self-distribution of the products (farmer markets, farm to chef, U pick on farm)





The chilli factor organic farm







NATASA ANTARI & ALEXANDROS KARATZAS

Trikala, Greece

Land size: 3,5 ha



ECOGAIA FARM

Agroecological approach

Low tillage management, Soil cover, Compost, Companion planting, Green Manure, Rotation, Supporting plants, food forest, agroforestry

self-distribution of the products

CSA – Farmers Markets – Farm to Door (basket)







tree lines will be interplanted with supportive species in this

plot :

For crop: Pecan- Walnut- Mulberries – Plum- Grapes-Hazelnut

For Timber: Pawlonia- Black Maple

For organic matter production:

Mulberry- Albizia Julibrissim- Black Maple- Catalpa-Eleagnus

Agroforestry

grain and legume in rotation

The grain and legumes production is converted into an alley cropping system, meaning that tree lines consisting of timber, fruit trees or support species added into the fields as to increase overall production and ecological impact.

Wind breaks and hedgerows will be planted to protect from wind stress.

The added biodiversity will support the system overall through attracting beneficial insects and other animals



ECOGAIA FARM



market garden plot → inspired by syntropic farming.
Agroforestry systems - Plants supporting each other having in mind the development of them over time and their interaction with the market garden.
Low tillage management, Soil cover, Compost,
Companion planting, Rotation





Sheila Darmos - The Southern Lights



Co-founder and Director of The Southern Lights nonprofit organisation and Regenerative Farming Greece initiative

Sparta/ Skala Greece

The Farm

Skala, Lakonia, Greece

2,5 Ha

Olives and Citrus fruit cultivation

(organic since 1985)

Organic Olives & Olive Oil (Silver Leaf)



Low tillage management, Food forest , Soil cover, Compost, Companion planting, Green Manure, Rotation, Supporting plants, permaculture design, Water natural tanks

THE SOUTHERN LIGHTS

is a non-profit organization based in the South of Peloponnese in Greece in a beautiful agroforestry farm.

Its mission is to spread knowledge, techniques and the mindset for regenerative practices in all domains of human activity.

Through workshops, networking and building active and alive examples of regenerative practices in close collaboration with other organizations, public entities and ecological enterprises.



The farm is in constant evolution. 30 years ago, Stavros Darmos converted this farm to organic farming methods, being one of the first in Greece to do so.

With a focus on olive trees and citrus trees, throughout the whole farm several other fruit trees were planted. Each season many wild growing edible leafy greens contribute to our own food autonomy.



The practice of shredding the prunings of the trees and leaving them on the soil has been constantly increasing the organic matter, leading to a rich and fertile soil 30 years later. food forest among the citrus and olive trees, experimenting with a high diversity of plants ranging even to subtropical species



Sheila Darmos - The Southern Lights





food forest

A food forest, also called a forest garden, is a diverse planting of edible plants that attempts to mimic the ecosystems and patterns found in nature.

Food forests are three dimensional designs, with life extending in all directions – up, down, and out.

Generally, we recognize **seven layers of a forest garden** – the overstory, the understory, the shrub layer, the herbaceous layer, the root layer, the ground cover layer, and the vine layer.

Some also like to recognize the mycelial layer, layer eight (mushrooms). Using these layers, we can fit more plants in an area without causing failure due to competition.





Growing food while regenerating soil and biodiversity

EMPOWER FARMERS ALL OVER GREECE AND BEYOND TO CONVERT THEIR FARMING OPERATIONS TO REGENERATIVE ONES



The aim of this program is to enable and support the transition of farming in Greece into a regenerative one, by sharing the knowledge about agroforestry, its possibilities for restoring soil, plant and animal health, thus regenerating our ecosystems and building resilience facing climate change.

Regenerative pilot farms represent some of the most prevailing agricultural contexts of Greece. Through with real examples other farmers can experience what a regenerative farm looks in practice, while we gain precious insights into country and context specific challenges and opportunities.



POMEGRANATES

SPARTA



OLIVES

GYTHIO



OLIVES WITH GRAZING ANIMALS

SKALA



GRAPES

LOUTRAKI



MARKET GARDEN

LARISSA



GRAINS AND LEGUMES

TRIKALA



regenerativefarminggreece.org/pilot-farms/

CHRISTOS KONTOMANOS



COB.GR

The organization is working since 20 years on natural building techniques with many experimental buildings and DIY applications on site which attract a broad audience. Nessonas, Larissa, Greece Land size: 1,6 ha Products: Vegetable baskets, Cosmetics, jams Market: Locals, expanding community in Greece

Low tillage management, Soil cover, Compost, Companion planting, Green Manure, Rotation, Supporting plants, permaculture design, Swales, food forest, agroforestry





The almond orchard has been diversified and transformed into a successional agroforestry operation including market gardens, fruit trees and bushes, grazing poultry, as well as support species. The agroforestry products are commercialized primarily in the local area.

One of the main focus is to increase soil organic matter as to reduce water needs.

... by using compost tea, effective micro-organisms, and other amendments as to boost soils fertility.







Eumelia Organic Agrotourism Farm

A unique regenerative agritourism & ecotourism farm stay accommodation

Regenerative & Organic

- Organic, Regenerative Biodynamic and Permaculture farming practices
- Composting weeds, dry plants, prunings and leafs from the garden and farm. As well as vegetable leftovers from the kitchen in order to create new soil for our vegetable gardens
- All the food provided in our BioCafe and Restaurant is organically grown at the farm, or certified organic from other producers

Eumelia Organic Agrotourism Farm







Wine & organic olive oil producers. Guests participate in olive picking, grape harvest & other agricultural activities.









Yiannis Zannias, Farmer

Agricultural Cooperative of Orchomenos (asoo.gr)

At the level of cooperatives with large areas of crops, we find the example of the Agricultural Cooperative of Orchomenos (asoo.gr) and the Agricultural Cooperative of Enipeas in Mikro Evdrio of Farsala (enipeasagro.gr), which started in the Fall of 2021.

The two Cooperatives under the same program, apply regenerative agriculture practices to the cultivation of cotton, a crop which in its conventional form uses significant amounts of chemical fertilizers as well as preparations to deal with weeds and insects in the field.

∑arthworm

project on regenerative / organic cultivation of cotton in Greece

In regenerative cotton farming, certain core principles and practices stand out, such as **using cover crops to build soil health, rotating crops to reduce pest pressure, and using compost and other natural inputs to improve soil fertility**.

Regenerative cotton farmers also often use **agroforestry**, which involves planting trees in and around crops to provide shade, promote biodiversity, and make the soil even better.





- Regenerative cotton is a type of cotton grown using principles and practices of regenerative agriculture, which aims to improve soil health, increase biodiversity, and create a closed-loop system.
- The benefits of regenerative cotton include improved soil health, increased water retention, reduced dependence on synthetic chemicals/pesticides as well as promoting biodiversity.
- Regenerative cotton farming has environmental (reduced soil degradation), economic (reduce reliance on external inputs) and social benefits for local communities by creating jobs & reducing poverty.
- Its use is becoming increasingly popular among farmers & textile producers due to the increasing demand from consumers for sustainable products; this trend is expected to continue in the future.

Already in the first year of application and from the moment regenerative practices are started in the field, the samples that the farmers get about the condition of the soil are encouraging. According to the advice of expert scientists and agronomists closely monitoring the program, reduced fertilization is already planned for this year's crop (less expenditure on supplies), as the soil has, to some extent, filled its carbon stores, as well as recovered part of its organic substance.



Nitrogen bound to the roots of the plant, ready for incorporation and absorption by the new crop in all stages.

> The roots of the soil cover plants have reached more than 70 cm in depth and have prepared the soil for the main crop.





Urban Agroecology

School Farming

























Carbon farming schools: Students learned about sustainable agriculture with the support of DEI.

σχεδιασμός, υλοποίηση:



με την υποστήριξη της ΔΕΗ Α.Ε.

Public Power Corporation

























Best Case Scenario

The fundamental principles that guide our activity

- Act as a social enterprise, seeking to improve the community in which we live above all else.
- Valuing and dignifying the people who collaborate with us.
- Promote stable employment of local residents.
- Treat profit as a condition and not as a goal to be maximized.
- Build living, healthy soil through the use of practices such as annual crop rotation, the use of compost, cover crops, green manuring and minimal tillage.
- Practice Organic Agriculture certified according to European standards (Reg. (CE) 834.2007).
- For the sake of the health of soils, people and ecosystems, reject the use of chemically synthesized pesticides such as pesticides, herbicides, fungicides and fertilizers.
- Reject the use of genetically modified organisms GMO's, synthetic resources, toxic and radiation, in all stages of production and post-harvest operations.
- Manage the animals and all living beings on the estate, from the perspective of ecosystem elements, respecting their characteristics and functions.

- Feed ruminants (cows, sheep, goats, horses and donkeys) exclusively with natural fibers, such as natural grass, germinated seeds, hay and straw.
- Feed omnivores (pigs) and granivores (turkeys, chickens, chickens and geese) with adequate diets, essentially through cereals, natural pasture, germinated products, fruits, and vegetables.
- Do not use foods with GMO's, antibiotics, ivermectin or synthesized hormones, as well as all prohibited substances.
- Conserve and enhance natural resources, such as biodiversity, climate and atmosphere, reducing erosion and pollution of air, soil and water, through the application of correct techniques.
- Breed and preserve indigenous national breeds and use local seeds and plant varieties whenever possible.
- Maximize the nutritional value of food by harvesting and slaughtering at the most appropriate times.
- Practice the minimum processing of food, sufficient to preserve its nutritional value as much as possible. Do not use radiation, ultra-pasteurization, excessive heating, synthetic additives or GMO derivatives.

Include all ingredients on the product label.

Manage and use water responsibly.

- Minimize the ecological impact of the estate, using as much renewable energy as possible.
- Promote and manage spaces that allow the existence of wildlife in at least ten percent of the estate.
- Reduce the number of kilometers driven by selling more locally.
- Ensuring the hygiene and food safety of the food produced.
- Ensuring job security.
- Help to promote the rural world.
- Overlop and share knowledge in all areas.
- Act ethically in the marketplace.
- O not practice commercial speculation.
- Determining the value of products through the cost of obtaining them.

Promote and cooperate with scientific research.

Agricultural Society of Freixo do Meio



Agroforestry – Food Forests Regenerative Agriculture Permaculture Community Supported Agriculture





"Our project implements in the Agroforestry model the visions of Agroecology, Permaculture and Food Sovereignty as a way of approaching the present and building the future. **A path focused on preserving ecosystems and sustainable food production**, without using

processes and concepts alien to the natural system".

Montado Agroforestry

The two main families of foods that we obtain from the Montado Agroforestry are **acorn foods** and the **meat of various domestic animals**. However, foods such as honey, mushrooms, wild plants and game meat have been gaining expression due to demand.





The domestic animals with whom we cooperate in the Montado do Freixo do Meio are essential elements, not only in guaranteeing the functioning of the natural system, but also in its regeneration. The practice of holistic management seeks to restore pastures and regenerate soils, making the land productive again.

















Dynamic Succession Agroforestry











Bio-intensive horticulture

This is an organic method based on small plots organized and planned according to both ecological and logistical requirements.





Thank You !