

CENTRE FOR ARCHITECTURE

Tanja Maljevac, Špela Kuhar, Lenka Kavčič, Polona Filipič, Ana Struna Bregar, Barbara Viki Šubic

PLAYFUL ARCHITECTURE - LEARNING ABOUT SUSTAINABLE SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT



Expert Council and Founders of Architecture and Children in Slovenia **Špela Kuhar**, architect **Polona Filipič,** architect **Lenka Kavčič**, architect

Tanja Maljevac, landscape architect Ana Struna Bregar, architect Barbara Šubic, architect



ARCHITECTURE AND CHILDREN IN NUMBERS

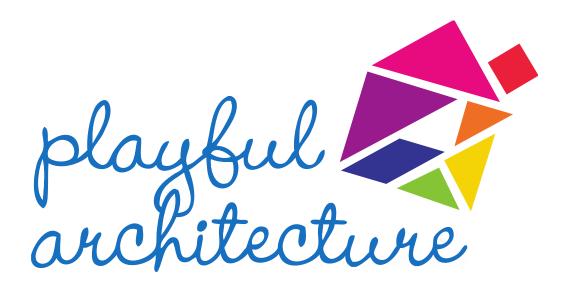
- 7 regional coordinators
- 200 workshops in 3 years in Slovenia
 Architectural 52%, Urban design and landscape design 38%, Design 16%
- 12 lectures for teenagers video lectures
- 200 architects, landscape architects, designers and other professional
- 33 students
- 1500 children involved / 2500 visits
- 33 institutions
- 10 kindergartens, 42 primary schools, 3 high schools
- Almost 5000 new visits on the web site in two years

PROGRAMS

- Workshops and lectures Playful architecture
- Program for kindergartens, primary schools and high schools
- Golden Cube Award on national and international level
- Publishing
- Toolkits for workshops
- Education for teachers

PROJECTS

- Travel Exhibition Playful architecture
- Wish tree in Slovene Parliment
- Habitat day
- Cultural bazaar by the Ministries
- Charm of Wood
- Workshop 'Sightless Common Ground'















HABITAT DAY – LJUBLJANA 2009



HABITAT DAY – LJUBLJANA 2010











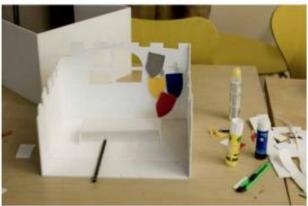




HABITAT DAY – LJUBLJANA 2011









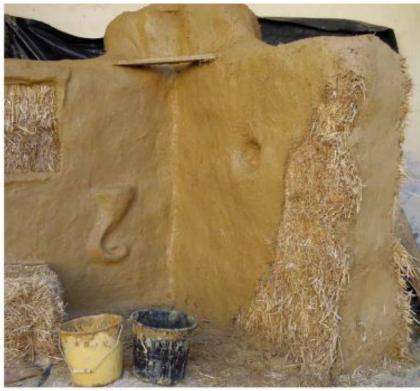




WORKSHOP HOME - 2010/2011













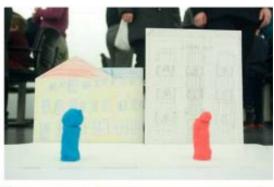
WORKSHOP CLAY – 2009/2010



WORKSHOP - 2009/2010























WORKSHOP STREET – 2009/2010

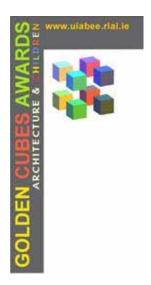


WORKSHOP CITY PARK - 2010/2011



WORKSHOP CHARM OF WOOD – 2012



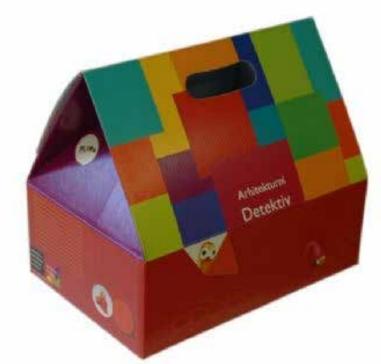


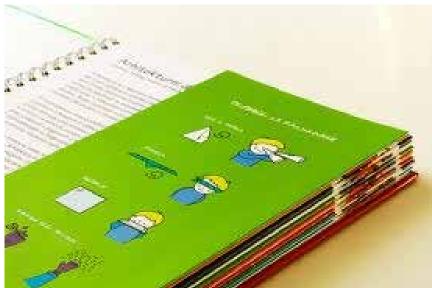


NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL GOLDEN CUBES AWARDS

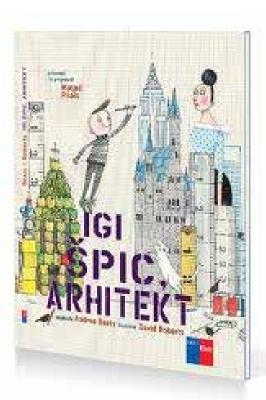


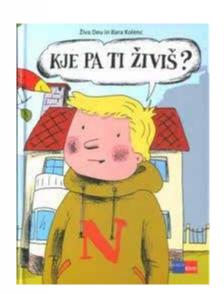














ZAKAJ NISO VSE HIŠE ENAKET

Vicinity so us assempted with AV, Najo, lighter all mis, disables of the mount's care, rathered, mame, solde in limbics our model asymmetry of a light mater.

viahka pa si boš vietega žive, ko boš odravet, ustvavit segal druživni in na boš presetit u vietga filiki ati stanovanje u pi rekla viarna.

«Kardna pa je razlika mez Nišsim stanovanjemih je vpratal Nep

Other or swint nurlagest Negro

«Manazorija se bisalište, v Normeni poklajni živi esa družina, ko slamivirija na sanjovojeni pradavi, ki na prativske za plupnje subrinja, jeditnica, dravira soba, kogatnica, stanistik, sporini, vičanih pa se skojenija, kaliniet pik zelovna jeda v soli niši je salika veo stanistanje. Zaki kali

pri nas, latifo pa jin je tudi veča vitiš, v kator je eno stanovanje, pravimo enodražinska toka, ije nadaljevala mama, vita je tiča, v katori žini pra divažina, mama, včia, aden

all set objek, vision particle bathor in debals, parkweine setta all astoci-

«Sa) to timo crif» je veškišeni Rejo: «Revesta Rejo, mi živimo v croadrožimaki NHL,» je Najgu pokimala martia.

vrtili z ved Stanovanji gravinno vedstarovanjaka hrka, i je neteli odko.

virtilii s lie ved stamostariji imenujemo blisk, v je statolsi mama.

VEČSTANOVANJISKA BLOK STOLPNICA NEBOTICNIK

"Zo vern, klak je tista selika hiša v osobinji ukio, kjer stanujuju moji prijatnji Mija, Maric in Brati" je vidknii heljc.

"Tako pt. njihoo bled oraz sedam nadatoppi, selika osenin bakupran," mu je pokimake mama, hepi pa je v inti sapinadaljenah, "Mija žini v drugem nadahuppi, shata m tital yav destilan."

"Seets makifrege jii. In kar precij makka, caljo eraje blaki jiong skuarege ricipoliča persasali ke drujaka, s kaferim se charovaće prijedjeja do mijiliji slamovanji je celika muma, mrištan ku je Neje. Je razmitijal iz neši distudnog stavili.





13. Mostra Internazionale di Architettura



Architectural & built environment education for young people 19th and 20th October 2013 Venice





WISHES TREE in Slovene parliment 2012

2400 wishes from Slovene children33 schools400 hours voluntary work







OPEN HOUSE SLOVENIA

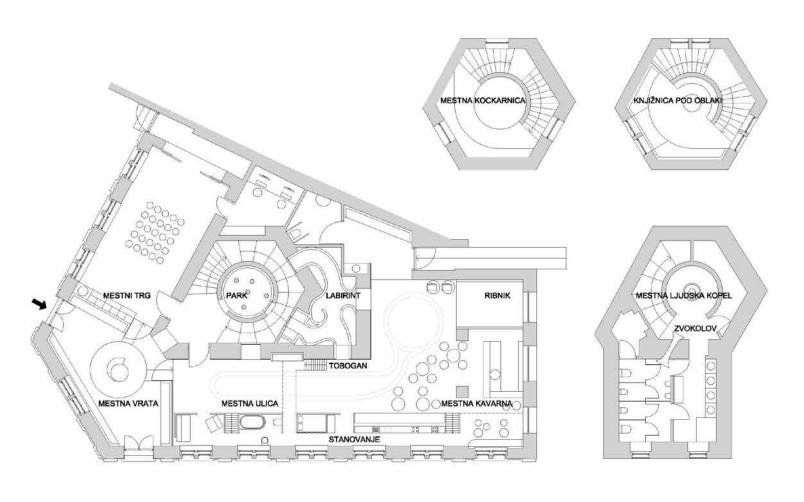


FAMILY CENTER MALA ULICA ambient and interior design



foto Blaž Budja

1.nadstropje 2.nadstropje



pritličje

klet































PLAYFUL ARCHITECTURE - LEARNING ABOUT SUSTAINABLE SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT

GOALS OF EDUCATION ABOUT SPACE AND ARCHITECTURE:

- raising awareness about quality space
- \$ development of spatial values and spatial literacy
- s active participation in the decision-making
- § indirectly changing urban and built structures
- **§** demands for high quality built environment
- § TO RAISE CRITICAL THINKING ADULTS, ACTIVE CITIZENS, AND INFORMED, RESPONSIBLE INVESTORS!

WHY WORKSHOPS?

- § direct experience
- **§** space is the main factor of learning children are active researchers of it,
- § possibility to include a variety of teaching methods such as; practical work, problem-solving approach, case studies, project work, action planning, designing, site tours with the emphasis on observation, orientation, analysis, evaluation and reporting.

THROUGH WORKSHOPS/CASES CHILDREN CAN:

- § observe built environment and landscape in a day-to-day life,
- § draw relations between different information,
- § use architectural terminology spontaneously,
- **§** form answers to different questions related to architecture and space,
- § face multitude of different views and needs that need to be compared and evaluated,
- § acquire the competence of finding a common solution,
- **§** play active role in the processes of spatial design and planning.

THE LOCATION OF SETTLEMENTS IN SPACE



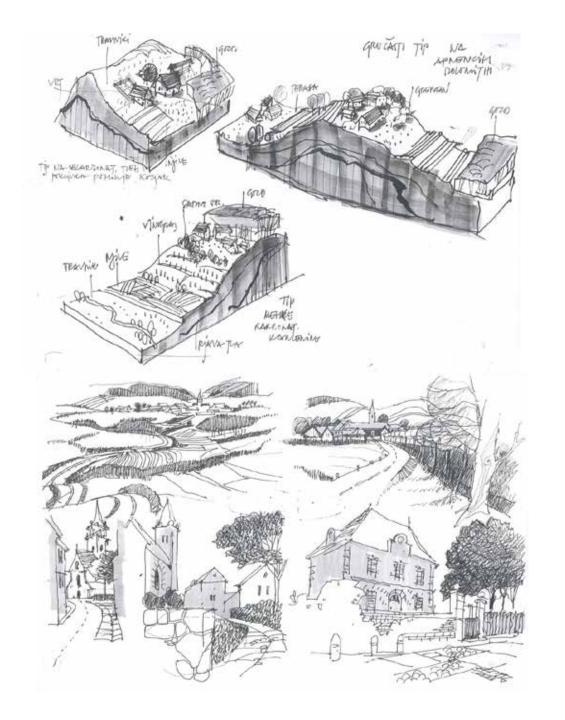
HOW TO CHOOSE THE BEST CASE?

- § example of a settlement in their region they are familiar with it,
- **§** settlement they can visit it, walk through it, and look at it from a distance.

HOW TO DO IT?

- § debate while looking at photos or take a field trip,
- § explore, discover answers to questions through observation,
- **\$** space analysis, conversations with people
- **§** integration of acquired information and different views at the end of the workshop; a simple, effective and plastic method of synthesis is the production of a model.





SOME OF THE RELEVANT QUESTIONS:

- § historical social perspective
- **§** the overall appearance and the structure of the settlement
- **§** expansion of settlements, contact with the landscape, the impact on the landscape
- **§** types of settlement
- future development of the settlement

CASE STUDY DESIGNED PUBLIC OPEN SPACES / OUR PARK



HOW IMPORTANT SPATIAL PLANING AND PUBLIC OPEN SPACES ARE FOR QUALITY OF LIFE

- § positive impact on health, well-being,
- \$ strengthening social contacts and attachment to living environment,
- § mitigation effects of on climate changes
- \$ cycling networks, footpaths and pedestrian areas promote sustainable mobility and a sustainable lifestyle,
- **§** sustainable space meet diverse wishes and needs of different user groups and responds to the characteristics of the surrounding context,
- § Importance of careful, inclusive planning, maintainability and accessibility for all (design for all)

HOW TO DO IT?

- **§** planning on case of small, manageable spaces children are familiar with,
- § experience of space through observation, site survey, evaluation,
- § defining the problem and forming solutions by coordination of various views,
- § drawing elements or new arrangements and place them inside the park,











TOPICS DISCUSSED IN THE WORKSHOP:

- **§** types of parks and their uses,
- **§** identification of biotic components as important features of the park,
- **§** identification of challenging issues in the park,
- § observation and analysis of urban equipment and tidiness
- expression of individual interests and needs and compliance with other users,
- visual representation of their ideas,
- visual representation of new plan suggestions.

